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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/434,645	11/05/1999	DAVID B. LOEPER	D5009-00002	4199
8933 7.	590 06/21/2002			
DUANE MO	•		EXAMINER	
ATTN: WILLI ONE LIBERTY 1650 MARKET			KYLE, C	ARLES R
	ELPHIA, PA 19103-7396		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3624	15
			DATE MAILED: 06/21/2002	11/

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

. 19		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
• •	•	09/434,645	LOEPER, DAVID B.					
(· Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		Charles R Kyle	3624					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover shee	with the correspondence address					
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - Faill	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. a period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reployer of the property of the proper	136(a). In no event, however, may be within the statutory minimum of will apply and will expire SIX (6) Notes the application to become	v a reply be timely filed thirty (30) days will be considered timely. IONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.					
- Any	reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ng date of this communication, even	n if timely filed, may reduce any					
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25	March 2002 .						
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ T	his action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under							
· _	ion of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.						
·	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
•	Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
• —	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/oion Papers	or election requirement.						
	The specification is objected to by the Examin	er						
,	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce		v the Examiner.					
.0,	Applicant may not request that any objection to the							
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on							
,	If approved, corrected drawings are required in re							
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer.						
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documen	its have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documen	its have been received i	Application No					
* (3. Copies of the certified copies of the price application from the International Bee the attached detailed Office action for a lis	ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
14) 🗌 A	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes	C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
	The translation of the foreign language pracknowledgment is made of a claim for domes							
Attachmen		· •						
2) Notice	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🔲 Notice	ew Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). <u>12</u> . of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Prosecution Application

The request filed on March 25, 2002 for a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) under 37 CFR 1.53(d) based on parent Application No. 09/434645 is acceptable and a CPA has been established. An action on the CPA follows.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-19 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by *College Accounting, Seventh Edition*.

Concerning Claim 1, College Accounting, Seventh Edition discloses the invention as claimed, including in a method for evaluating financial plans, the steps of:

Receiving from a user a predetermined initial value of an investment (Page 647, "Investment of Cash by Partner"), at least one predetermined contribution amount at a predetermined contribution time (Page 651, lines 1-5 and 31-36), and at least one predetermined withdrawal amount at a predetermined withdrawal time subsequent to the predetermined contribution time (Page 648, lines 1-9); (Page 651, lines 1-5 and 31-36);

Calculating the change in said predetermined initial value of an investment over a time interval (Page 161, lines 8-10) based on changes in value over a first historical time interval (Page 161, lines 8-10) to obtain a changed investment value (Page 649, lines1-10);

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Updating the changed investment value based on selected investment assumptions (Page 651, lines 31-36) to obtain a further changed investment value (Page 640, line 11 to Page 641, line 19) (End of Fiscal Year 19X3);

Calculating the change in the further changed investment value over a second time interval (Fiscal Year 19X4) based on changes over a second historical time interval to obtain a further investment value, and

Repeating said steps of calculating updating and again calculating with respect to a third historical and a fourth historical, respectively (Fiscal Years 19X5 and 19X6) respectively; and

After at least one of the calculations, adjusting the investment value based on at least one of said contribution amount and said withdrawal amount (Page 648, lines 1-9; Page 650, lines 12-28).

Concerning Claims 2, 8 and 14, College Accounting discloses the presentation of results at Page 453, "Statement of Owner's Equity".

Regarding Claims 3, 9 and 15, College Accounting discloses multiple asset categories and distinct historical data at Page 651, closing of net income from period statements to Owners' Capital Accounts.

As to Claims 4, 10 and 16, College Accounting discloses comparison of results of calculation to a goal at Page 1092-1095, Budget Performance report.

Concerning Claims 5, 11 and 17, College Accounting discloses adjustment of results for tax effects at Pages 736-741 and 757-761.

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With respect to Claims 6, 12 and 18, College Accounting teaches the entry of initial investment values and allocation to asset categories at Pages 646-647, particularly lines 1-10 and 31-35.

As to Claim 19, College Accounting discloses identification of time intervals at result presentation at Page 653, lines 25-40.

Regarding Claim 21, College Accounting discloses changing an asset allocation after a selected number of time intervals and using a changed allocation in subsequent calculations at Page 653, lines 31-40 (adjusted capital accounts carried forward to next period).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *College Accounting*.

Concerning Claim 20, College Accounting, Seventh Edition discloses the invention substantially as claimed. See the discussion of Claim 4 above. College Accounting, Seventh Edition does not specifically disclose having as a goal a specified sum after a number of years. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the methof of College Accounting, Seventh Edition College Accounting, Seventh Edition to facilitate determination of reaching a goal because this would have allowed an

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investor to determine whether the investment provided returns to meet the investor's financial needs.

Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jones et al.

As to Claims 1, 7 and 13, Jones et al disclose the invention substantially as claimed, including system, method and storage medium for evaluating financial plans (Col. 5, line 50 to Col. 7, line 60) which includes:

Receiving from a user a predetermined initial value of an investment (Col. 18, lines 27-29) at least one predetermined contribution amount at a predetermined contribution time (Col. 5, line 52 to Col. 6, line 7) and at least one predetermined withdrawl amount at a predetermined withdrawl time subsequent to the predetermined contribution time (Col. 17, lines 45-55);

Calculating the change in a predetermined initial value of an investment over a time interval based on changes over a first historical time interval to obtain a changed investment value (Fig. 4; Col. 12, lines 54-64; Fig. 6; Col. 16, lines 12-24);

updating the changed investment value based on selected investment assumptions to obtain a further changed investment value (Col 20, lines 8-30);

calculating the change in the changed initial value of an investment to obtain a further changed investment value (Col. 18, lies 27-49);

repeating the calculations with respect to successive historical time periods (Col. 18, lines 27-29);

after at least one of the calculations, adjusting the investment based on at least one of a contribution amount and a withdrawal amount (Fig. 7; Col. 17, line 45 to Col. 18, line 48).

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Jones suggests the use of historical data in the prediction of performance at Col. 3, lines 55-61, where the sensitivity of a financial product to movements of various common economic factors is discussed. Such sensitivity information would be obtained form historical data showing the response of an investment to historical economic forces.

Jones et al do not specifically disclose the use of such historical data from particular second, third and fourth historical time intervals, although they do suggest the specific use of historical data in calculation of investment value as noted above. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have used additional and different historical data because this would have produced more accurate investment values in an iterative process of stepwise refined calculations. This need for such flexibility is clearly suggested in the disclosure of a dynamic approach to re-balancing to maximize returns at Col.18, lines 27-48. Failure to have made such historically based adjustments would have produced a rigid and likely inaccurate process of investment valuation.

Concerning Claims 2, 8 and 14, Jones et al disclose the presentation of results at Col. 4, lines 24-34 and Col. 11, lines 7-10.

Regarding Claims 3, 9 and 15, Jones et al disclose multiple asset categories and distinct historical data at Fig. 4 and Col. 12, line 54 to Col. 13, line 41.

As to Claims 4, 10 and 16, Jones et al disclose comparison of results of calculation to a goal at Col. 12, lines 9-31.

Concerning Claims 5, 11 and 17, Jones et al disclose adjustment of results for tax effects at Col. 10, lines 18-53.

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With respect to Claims 6, 12 and 18, Jones et al teach the entry of initial investment values and allocation to asset categories at Col. 5, line 50 to Col. Col. 7, line 10.

As to Claim 19, Jones et al disclose identification of time intervals at result presentation at Col. 1, lines 10-13.

Concerning Claim 20, Jones et al disclose having as a goal a specified sum after a number of years at Col. 12, lines 15-17.

Regarding Claim 21, Jones et al disclose changing an asset allocation after a selected number of time intervals and using a changed allocation in subsequent calculations at Col. 12, lines 24-28.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed November 26, 2001 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's substantive arguments begin by stating that his invention looks at past performance which differs from *Jones* in that *Jones* looks only to prediction of future performance. At pages 1-3 of Applicant's specification, the invention is described in terms of prediction (e.g. page 2, first full paragraph) and whether an investor "will meet the investor's financial goals" (page 3, second full paragraph). Clearly, Applicant's invention has a similar utility as *Jones* in looking to the future based on past performance; looking only at past performance in a vacuum might be of interest but of little use to investors. Applicant argues at length that Jones looks only to the future; Jones inherently makes use of such historical data for determining asset performance. See the discussion of Claim 1 above.

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Applicant argues that Jones fails to use data from more than one period but provides no substantive argument to refute the examiners argument regarding multiple time periods set forth above.

As to Applicant's arguments to the specifics of the portfolio rebalancing, the examiner did not rely on Jones for the specifics of rebalancing but rather to show that dynamic iterative process was desirable for accuracy of analysis and prediction. Clearly, additional analysis of more and changing historical data would yield a more correct estimation of financial plan performance as compared to less.

As to Applicant's argument at page 3, first full paragraph, Applicant argues that Jones requires an assessment of risk tolerance. Nonetheless, Jones teaches the features as set forth above in addition the a risk assessment feature.

Rejections of Claims 7, 13, 2, 8 and 14 stand rejected for the same reasons as Claim 1.

As to arguments regarding claims 3, 9 and 14, they argue limitations not present in the claims.

As to arguments regarding claims 5,11 and 17, they argue limitations not present in the claims.

Rejections of Claims 6, 12 and 18 stand rejected for the same reasons as Claim 1.

Concerning arguments about claim 19, Applicants claims recite "evaluating financial plan" in the preamble, which feature is not necessary to give life and breath to the claim. Such a feature does not limit the claim as recited and the claim is interpreted more broadly. As to other arguments regarding historical performance see the discussions set forth above.

Rejections of Claims 20 and 21 stand rejected for the same reasons as Claim 1.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Charles R Kyle whose telephone number is (703) 305-4458. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 6:00-2:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vincent Millin can be reached on (703) 308-1065. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 746-7239 for regular communications and (703) 746-7238 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

crk

June 11, 2002

VINCENT MILLIN

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600